Healthy Habits

Tips and resources for living well

This month: Nutrition Myths and Trends

Get the facts! Eating a balanced diet can help you maintain a healthy weight and optimal health. But sometimes it's difficult to understand what constitutes proper nutrition. There are many types of diets to choose from, but not all of them are healthy. In this edition of Healthy Habits, we'll debunk popular diet myths, help you understand which fats to enjoy in moderation (and which to avoid), and provide insight on two popular diet trends.

Remember, you can always contact your Wellness Coach, who can work with you by telephone or email, for more help creating a balanced nutrition plan. Plus, remember to log in to your Wellness website for more information about proper nutrition.

A healthy side dish:

Lemon asparagus

Asparagus is in peak season this month! This healthy side dish pairs well with seafood, especially salmon.

Ingredients:

- 1 bunch fresh asparagus
- 1 lemon, thinly sliced
- 1 Tbsp. extra-virgin olive oil
- 2 Tsp. chopped fresh oregano, or 1 Tsp. dried
- ¼ Tsp. salt
- ¼ Tsp. fresh ground pepper

Directions:

- Preheat oven to 450 degrees F.
- Toss all ingredients on a baking sheet and roast, stirring occasionally, until the asparagus is tender-crisp (about 8-10 minutes).

Top diet myths, debunked! Keep healthy food at hand

With so much nutrition information on the market, sometimes it's difficult to know what to believe. Don't fall prey to these diet myths!

Myth: You can never have [insert delicious treat here] again. False!

In any healthy diet, there's room for a small indulgence. Having an occasional treat is okay if your overall diet is nutritious.

Myth: Eating fat makes you fat. False!

It actually depends on the fat you're eating. Saturated fats (red meat, butter, cheese, and ice cream) should be limited, but other types of fats like mono- and polyunsaturated fats (nuts, seeds, fish, avocado, and vegetable oils) are beneficial when eaten in moderation.

Myth: Drinking too much water causes you to gain water weight. False!

People retain water when there is too high a concentration of sodium in their blood. Drinking more water actually helps balance the sodium concentration and helps the tissues release any retained liquids.

For trusted nutrition information, contact your Wellness Coach!

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Choosing Healthy Fats Which to eat, which to avoid

It's a common misconception that all fats are bad for you. While certain types of fats should be avoided, others can promote good health when eaten in moderation.

Good fats: In general, healthy fats come from plants instead of animals or labs. On food labels, monounsaturated and polyunsaturated fats are considered the "good fats." Sources of "good fats" include plant-based oils (like olive oil and canola oil), avocados, nuts, seeds, and fish. Stick to the recommended serving size; don't overindulge on these foods!

Bad fats: Avoid trans fats, often found in processed foods. They may raise unhealthy cholesterol, potentially increasing risk of heart disease and type 2 diabetes. If you see the words "hydrogenated" or "saturated" on a food label, that indicates trans fat—steer clear! Saturated fats also increase unhealthy cholesterol. Consuming small amounts of saturated fat from red meat and dairy is acceptable, but aim to limit this type of fat.

Contact your Wellness Coach for more ways to incorporate "good fats" into your diet.

Ditch gluten, drop pounds? The truth behind the trend

Gluten is a protein found in grains such as wheat, barley, and rye. Although some people believe a gluten-free diet can help them lose weight, this diet is usually only recommended for people with Celiac disease or gluten intolerance. If you think you may have one of these conditions, talk to your doctor to see if a gluten-free diet could benefit you.

In general, the best way to maintain a healthy weight is to eat a well-balanced diet that includes healthy carbohydrates like whole grains, vegetables, fruits, and beans. You should also limit processed carbs like white bread, pastries, and soda. If, per your doctor, you need to avoid gluten, consider incorporating gluten-free whole grains like brown rice or quinoa into your diet.

For more helpful nutrition tips, contact your Wellness Coach!

Juicing: safe or not? The lowdown on liquid diets

Juicing—forgoing solid foods in favor of a liquid diet of juices made from fruits and vegetables—has emerged as a recent diet trend. While having a fruit and vegetable drink can be a delicious snack, liquid diets are not appropriate unless recommended by your doctor for a specific health condition. Eating a healthy, balanced diet—including foods from all the food groups—is important for good health and nutrition.

Although juice is normally touted as a health food, juicing removes the fiber from the whole fruit or vegetable, so it isn't as nutritionally beneficial as eating a piece of fruit or a serving of veggies. Occasionally making your own juice can be a good way to satisfy picky eaters who don't enjoy eating fruits and vegetables, but it's best to eat these foods in whole form whenever possible.

Your Wellness Website Expert wellness help, 24/7

Your Wellness website features fun tools and resources to help you reach your wellness goals.

Log on today to:

- Contact a Wellness Coach
- Take online workshops for help losing weight, getting fit and more
- Log your progress with food and exercise trackers
- Access wellness tips, articles, and healthy recipes

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Nutrition QUIZ

- 1. True or false: Drinking water makes you gain weight.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 2. True or false: You should talk to your doctor before trying a gluten-free diet.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 3. True or false: For heart health, avoid food products with the word "hydrogenated" in the ingredients list.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 4. True or false: Trans fats are the healthiest fats.
 - a. True
 - b. False

Answers: 1 b, 2 a, 3 a, 4 b

Reminder! Your Wellness Coach is available via telephone, email or instant message to help you reach your health goals.

☑ Wellness Coaching

Your personal Wellness Coach can help you lose weight, eat better or reach other health goals.

✓ Your Member Website

Visit your member website for information, tools, tips and more!

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Phone: 800.832.8302

Website: www.HHHealthAssociates.com

Who is eligible?

The Wellness Coaching feature is available to eligible employees, their spouses and dependent children, age 18 and older.





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